

Please write clearly in block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	

GCSE SCIENCE A BIOLOGY

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Higher Tier Unit Biology B1

Tuesday 17 May 2016

Afternoon

Time allowed: 1 hour

Materials

For this paper you must have:

• a ruler

You may use a calculator.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 60.
- You are expected to use a calculator where appropriate.
- You are reminded of the need for good English and clear presentation in your answers.
- Question 2 should be answered in continuous prose.
- In this question you will be marked on your ability to:
- use good English
- organise information clearly
- use specialist vocabulary where appropriate.

Advice

• In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.



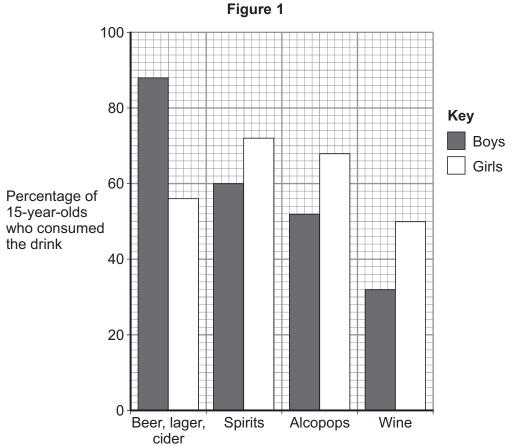
	Answer all questions in the spaces provided.
1	Nicotine and alcohol are drugs that affect the brain.
1 (a) (i)	What is the correct description of both nicotine and alcohol? [1 mark]
	Tick (✓) one box.
	illegal, medical drugs
	illegal, recreational drugs
	legal, medical drugs
	legal, recreational drugs
1 (a) (ii)	Why do people find it difficult to stop smoking? [1 mark]
1 (b)	A drug company has developed a new drug which helps people to stop smoking. The new drug prevents the feeling of pleasure caused by nicotine in the smoke. The new drug is now being tested on rats which have been given a lot of alcohol to drink. The company wants to find out if the drug can help people to stop drinking alcohol.
4 (1) (2)	
1 (b) (i)	
	What is meant by an independent company? [1 mark]
1 (b) (i)	It is important that the tests on rats are done by an independent company. What is meant by an independent company?



1 (b) (ii)	Why is it important that the tests are done by an independent company? [1 mark]
1 (b) (iii)	Some scientists believe that the part of the brain sensitive to alcohol is the same as the part of the brain sensitive to nicotine.
	Explain why the new drug might be useful for treating people who find it difficult to stop drinking alcohol. [2 marks]
	Question 1 continues on the next page



1 (c) Figure 1 shows the results of a survey into the different types of alcoholic drinks consumed by one hundred 15-year-old boys and one hundred 15-year-old girls in the UK.



Type of alcoholic drink

1 (c) (i) Describe the differences between the **types** of alcoholic drink consumed by boys and by girls.

Use only information from Figure 1.

[2 marks]

1 (c) (ii) A newspaper headline stated:

"All boys drink alcohol"

Use information from part (c) and Figure 1 to give one reason why the newspaper headline may not be correct.

[1 mark]

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In this question you will be assessed on using good English, organising information clearly and using specialist terms where appropriate.
Mineral ions are an important component of a healthy diet.
Describe how the other components of the diet are important in keeping us healthy.
In your answer you should refer to:
the different components
why we need each component.
[6 marks
Extra space



3 Students investigated decomposition.

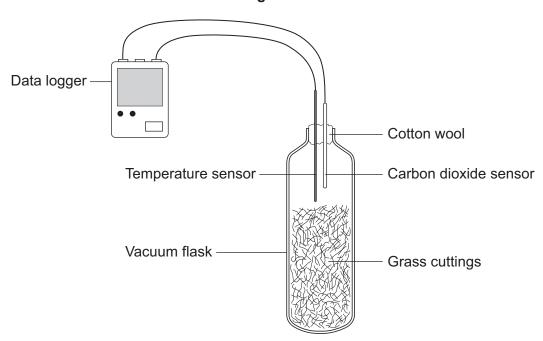
The students:

- put some decaying grass cuttings into a vacuum flask
- put a carbon dioxide sensor and a temperature sensor in the flask
- attached the sensors to a data logger
- · closed the flask with cotton wool.

A vacuum flask was used to reduce the loss of thermal energy.

Figure 2 shows the investigation.



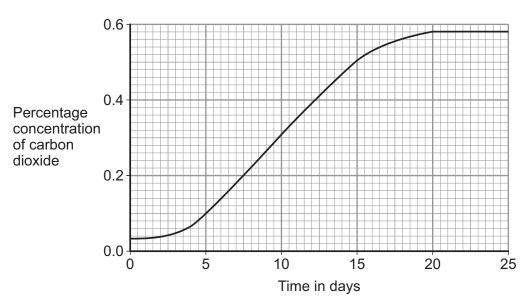


3 (a)	Give one advantage of using a temperature sensor attached to a data logger instead of
	a thermometer.



3 (b) Figure 3 shows the results from the data logger for carbon dioxide concentration in the flask for the next 25 days.

Figure 3



3 (b) (i) Why did the concentration of carbon dioxide in the flask increase?

[3 marks]

3 (b) (ii)	Suggest what has happened in the flask to cause the carbon dioxide concentration to
	level off after 20 days.

[1 mark]

5

4	This question is about the nervous system.			
4 (a)	Describe the difference between the function of a receptor and the function of an effector.			
	In your answer you should give one example of a receptor and one example of an effector.			
	[4 marks]			
4 (b)	Synapses are important in the nervous system.			
4 (b) (i)	What is a synapse? [2 marks]			
4 (b) (ii)	Describe how information passes across a synapse. [2 marks]			
	[2 marks]			



			9			
4 (c)) Reflexes may be co-ordinated by the brain or by the spinal cord.				
4 (c) (i)	The reflexes from sense organs in the head are co-ordinated by the brain.				
		Name a sense or	gan involved in a reflex	co-ordinated by the s	spinal cord. [1 m	ark]
4 (4 (c) (ii) Table 1 shows information about reflexes co-ordinated by the brain and reflexes co-ordinated by the spinal cord. Table 1					
	Orga the r	n co-ordinating eflex	Mean length of neurones involved in cm	Mean time taken for reflex in milliseconds	Mean speed of impulse in cm per millisecond	
	Brain		12	4	3	
	Spinal cord		cord 80			
Calculate the mean speed of the impulse for the reflex co-ordinated by the spinal cord. [1 mark] Mean speed = cm per millisecond						
4 (c) (iii)	In reflexes co-ord	inated by the brain ther	re are no relay neuror	nes.	

Suggest why there is a difference in the mean speed of the impulse for the

two reflexes.

[2 marks]



5	Figure 4 shows changes in the foot bones of four ancestors of modern horses over the past 50 million years.					
			Fig	ure 4		
					Foot bor	
	Millions of	Eohippus 50	Mesohippus 35	Merychippus 25	Equus 5	
	years ago					
	key : The s	naded bone	s are the bones	which touched th	ie ground.	
5 (a)		two change	s to the bones in	n the feet of hors	es that have taken p	lace over the
	pact or					[2 marks]
5 (b)	Eohippus	lived in swa	mpy areas with	soft mud.		
	Since this	time the gro	ound in the habi	tat has become	drier and harder.	
	All of the	horse ances	tors were preye	d upon by other	animals.	
5 (b) (i)	Explain o	ne advantag	e to <i>Eohippus</i> c	of the arrangeme	nt of bones in its feet	i. [2 marks]



5 (b) (ii)	The changes in the arrangement of the foot bones of horses support Darwin's theory of evolution by natural selection.
	Explain how the arrangement of the foot bones of <i>Eohippus</i> could have evolved into the arrangement of the foot bones of <i>Equus</i> .
	[4 marks]

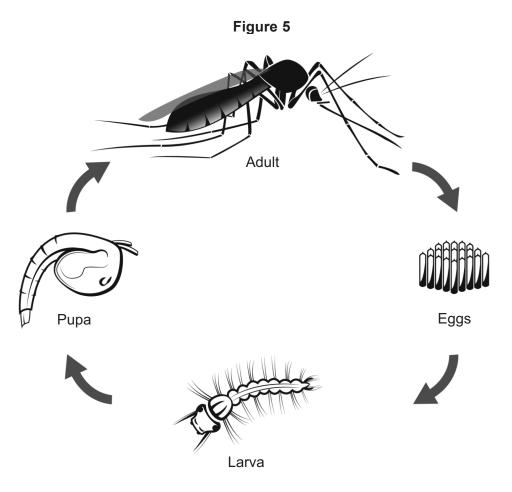
Turn over for the next question



Malaria is a disease caused by a microorganism carried by mosquitoes.

The microorganism is transferred to humans when adult female mosquitoes feed on human blood.

Figure 5 shows the life cycle of a mosquito.



The World Health Organisation estimates that 3 \times 10 8 people are infected with malaria every year.

Scientists estimate that malaria kills 2 \times $10^6\,\text{people}$ every year.

The people who are infected with malaria but do not die, may be seriously ill and need health care for the rest of their lives.

6 (a)	Based on the estimated figures, what percentage of people infected with malaria die from the disease?
	[2 marks



6 (b)	 An internet article states: Mosquito larvae are at the start of the food chain for some fish. Adult mosquitoes provide food for bats and birds. Mosquitoes are also important in plant reproduction because they feed from flowers of crop plants.
6 (b) (i)	The first sentence in the article is not correct.
	Explain why. [2 marks]
6 (b) (ii)	A company plans to produce genetically modified (GM) adult male mosquitoes. The GM mosquitoes will carry a gene from bacteria. The gene causes the death of offspring before they become adults.
	Male mosquitoes do not feed on blood. Scientists are considering releasing millions of adult male GM mosquitoes into the wild.
	Do you think scientists should release millions of male GM mosquitoes into the wild?
	In your answer you should give advantages and disadvantages of releasing GM mosquitoes into the wild.
	[4 marks]
	Question 6 continues on the next page



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6 (b) (iii)	Describe the process for creating a GM mosquito.	[3 marks]



7 Students investigated a food chain in a garden.

lettuce → snail → thrush (bird)

The students:

- estimated the number of lettuce plants in the garden
- estimated the number of snails feeding on the lettuces
- counted two thrushes in the garden in 5 hours.

Table 2 shows the students' results and calculations.

7 (a) (i) Give two ways that biomass is lost along a food chain.

Table 2

Organism	Population size	Mean mass of each organism in g	Biomass of population in g	Biomass from previous organism that is lost in g	Percentage of biomass lost
Lettuce	50	120.0	6000		
Snail	200	2.5	500	5500	91
Thrush	2	85.0	170	330	66

	[2 marks]
7 (a) (ii)	Scientists estimate that about 90% of the biomass in food is lost at each step in a food chain.
	Suggest one reason why the students' value for the percentage of biomass lost between the snails and the thrushes is only 66%.
	[1 mark]
	Question 7 continues on the next page



- **7 (b)** European banded snails have shells with different colours (light or dark) and with stripes or with no stripes.
 - Figure 6 shows two examples of European banded snails.

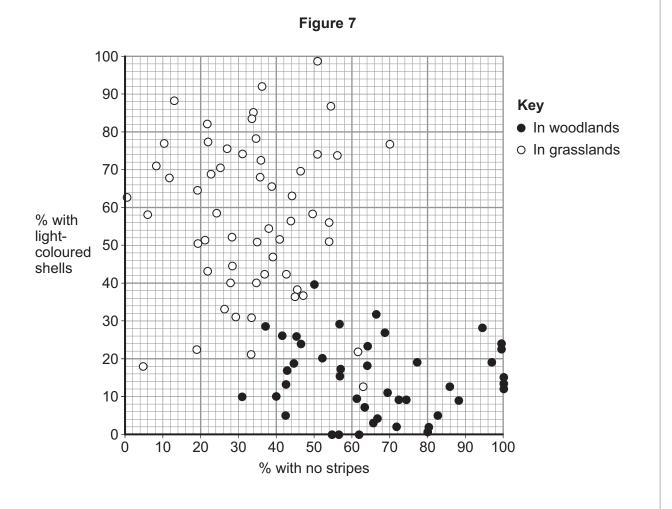
Stripes

Dark-coloured shell, with stripes

Dark-coloured shell, with no stripes

Figure 7 shows results from surveys in woodlands and in grasslands of the percentage of snails with light-coloured shells and the percentage of snails with no stripes.

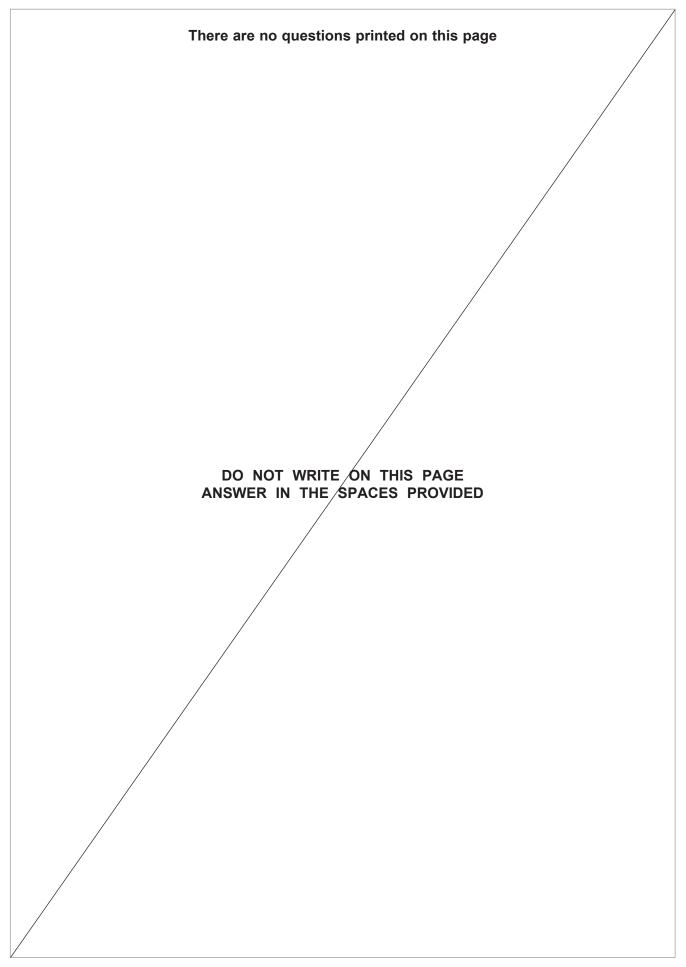
Each point on Figure 7 represents the results of one survey in one habitat.



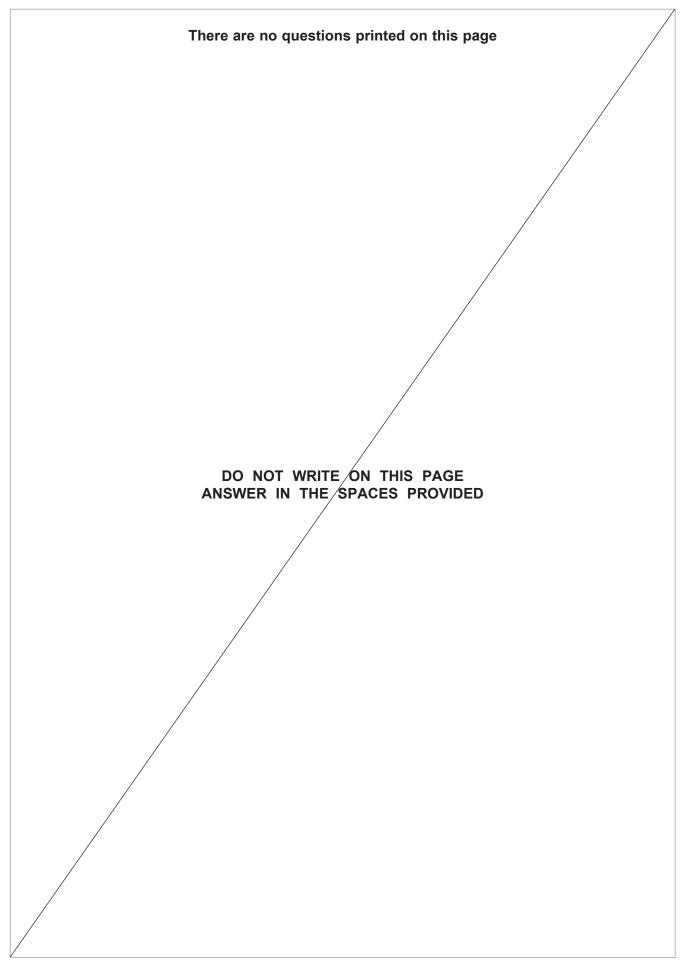
7 (b) (i)	Figure 7 is a scatter graph.	
	Why is a scatter graph used for this data?	[1 mark]
7 (b) (ii)	Compare the general appearance of snails that live in woodlands with the genappearance of snails that live in grasslands.	eral [2 marks]
7 (b) (iii)	Suggest a reason for the general appearance of snails that live in woodlands.	[1 mark]
7 (c)	Snails are not used as indicator species as they cannot give us information all pollution levels.	oout
7 (c) (i)	Name one type of animal that can be used as an indicator species. State the environmental factor that the animal indicates.	[1 mark]
	Indicator species	
	Environmental factor	
7 (c) (ii)	Give one different method of measuring the environmental factor you gave in	[1 mark]

END OF QUESTIONS











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